

JUSTICE COURT CIVIL SUITS-REPAIR AND REMEDY

Justice Court Pct 3 of Tom Green County, Texas

3052 N Bryant, Tom Green, Texas 76903

www.co.tom-green.tx.us

Honorable Fred Buck

Justice of The Peace

(325)657-9922

Instructions and information regarding filing Justice Court Suits. Please read carefully before completing a petition.

PLEASE NOTE: EFFECTIVE AUGUST 31, 2013 ALL CIVIL SUITS IN JUSTICE COURTS WILL BE GOVERNED BY NEW RULES OF CIVIL PROCEDURE FOR JUSTICE COURT CASES ADOPTED BY THE SUPREME COURT OF TEXAS. TO REVIEW THE NEW RULES OR PRINT A COPY PLEASE VISIT THE TOM GREEN COUNTY WEBSITE AT www.co.tom-green.tx.us. IT IS HIGHLY RECOMMENDED THAT YOU REVIEW THE NEW RULES PRIOR TO FILING YOUR CASE TO DETERMINE WHICH CATEGORY OF CASE TO FILE.

TO REVIEW ALL THE TEXAS RULES OF CIVIL PROCEDURE AND RULES OF EVIDENCE PLEASE FOLLOWING THE LINK TO THE SUPREME COURT OF TEXAS. <http://www.supreme.courts.state.tx.us/rules/rules.asp>

THE JUDGE AND COURT PERSONNEL ARE PROHIBITED FROM GIVING "LEGAL ADVICE" TO ANYONE. ALTHOUGH AN ATTORNEY IS NOT REQUIRED, YOU MAY WISH TO CONSULT AN ATTORNEY FOR ANY AND ALL LEGAL ADVICE. IN ADDITION, AS A MATTER OF LAW, THE JUDGE IS PROHIBITED FROM DISCUSSING ANY MATERIAL FACT OF THE LAWSUIT WITH A LITIGANT OR DEFENDANT PRIOR TO TRIAL OR HEARING.

The new Rules for Justice Court classify 4 categories of civil cases.

Small Claims Case

A small claims case is a lawsuit brought for the recovery of money damages, civil penalties, personal property, or other relief allowed by law. The claim can be for no more than \$20,000, excluding statutory interest and court costs but including attorney fees, if any. Small claims cases are governed by Rules 500-507 of Part V of the Rules of Civil Procedure.

Debt Claim Case

A debt claim case is a lawsuit brought to recover a debt by an assignee of a claim, a debt collector or collection agency, a financial institution, or a person or entity primarily engaged in the business of lending money at interest. The claim can be for no more than \$20,000, excluding statutory interest and court costs but including attorney fees, if any. Debt claim cases in justice court are governed by Rules 500-507 and 508 of Part V of the Rules of Civil Procedure. To the extent of any conflict between Rule 508 and the rest of Part V, Rule 508 applies.

Repair and Remedy Case

A repair and remedy case is a lawsuit filed by a residential tenant under Chapter 92, Subchapter B of the Texas Property Code to enforce the landlord's duty to repair or remedy a condition materially affecting the physical health or safety of an ordinary tenant. The relief sought can be for no more than \$20,000, excluding statutory interest and court costs but including attorney fees, if any. Repair and remedy cases are governed by Rules 500-507 and 509 of Part V of the Rules of Civil Procedure. To the extent of any conflict between Rule 509 and the rest of Part V, Rule 509 applies.

Eviction Case

An eviction case is a lawsuit brought to recover possession of real property under Chapter 24 of the Texas Property Code, often by a landlord against a tenant. A claim for rent may be joined with an eviction case if the amount of rent due and unpaid is not more than \$20,000, excluding statutory interest and court costs but including attorney fees, if any. Eviction cases are governed by Rules 500-507 and 510 of Part V of the Rules of Civil Procedure. To the extent of any conflict between Rule 510 and the rest of Part V, Rule 510 applies.

In all civil suits, the defendant generally has the right to be sued in the county and precinct in which he resides. There are exceptions to this venue rule. For detailed information regarding Venue please refer to Rule 502.4 and Chapter 15, Subchapter E of the Texas Civil Practice and Remedies Code. The following link will provide you with access to ALL Texas Laws: <http://www.statutes.legis.state.tx.us/>. Click on Texas Statutes and choose the Texas Laws you wish to review.

Although not required by Law, it is requested that prior to filing this suit you send a **Demand letter** to the party you are contemplating suing giving the party at least 10 days to notify them of the potential for civil action and give them an opportunity to satisfy the claim prior to the still. **It is recommended that this be sent certified mail return receipt requested.**

It is your burden as a plaintiff and it is important that you understand that for any potential judgment you may receive to be valid it is necessary for you to sue the defendant in their proper legal capacity. Consult with your attorney if you are unsure of the defendant's proper legal capacity. Should you file against the wrong entity, you may have to begin again and will have to pay for trial expenses caused by filing against the wrong party. For Corporations and to determine the Agent for Service for a Corporation you should contact **Texas Secretary of State** at 1-800-252-1386.

AFTER REVIEWING THE RULES, PLEASE FULLY COMPLETE THE APPROPRIATE PETITION AND THE REQUIRED FORMS.

What must be filed :

ONE ORIGINAL PETITIONS

ONE Copy of Demand Letter and signed return receipt, if available

ONE Military Affidavit

ONE Military Status Report

ONE Certificate of last known address

One Justice Court Information Sheet

Always keep track of your case numbers so that you can refer to them when calling our office regarding your case. The case number will be on your receipt.

This court does not collect the money judgment for you nor can we force an indigent defendant to pay the judgment. If you receive a judgment against the defendant this court can issue various instruments to assist you in collecting the judgment. You may request an Abstract of Judgment, Writ of Execution, Writ of Garnishment, and Turnover Order. It is highly recommended that you consult with an attorney for any of these processes as in some instances an attorney is required.

An **Abstract of Judgment** puts a lien on any real property the defendant may own in a particular county where the Abstract is recorded. The Abstract is only valid in the county or counties where it is recorded. This can be obtained ten days after the date the judgment is signed.

The **Writ of Execution** may be obtained thirty days after the judgment is signed. This document authorizes the Sheriff or Constable to seize any assets belonging to the defendant that are subject to this writ. Those assets are then auctioned at a public sale and the proceeds are applied to the judgment.

A **Writ of Garnishment** is also available 30 days after the final judgment has been signed. This Garnishment proceeding is a Separate small claims suit. A writ of garnishment is a process for seizing assets, both money and property, held by a third party (the garnishee) but owed or belonging to the debtor. For example, a defendant against whom a judgment has been issued (the judgment debtor) may have a bank account. The bank holds the money in the account, but the money belongs to the defendant. The bank is therefore indebted to the defendant. A writ of garnishment is the legal process by which the plaintiff (garnishor) can require the bank (garnishee) to turn over the money in the account to satisfy the judgment. **An attorney is required.**

A **Turnover Order** is available after the judgment is signed and its purpose is to provide a court-ordered means of reaching property which cannot easily be reached through ordinary legal process and which is not exempt from attachment, execution, etc. **An attorney should be used** because the courts clerical staff will not be able by law to assist you in drafting the documents that are necessary.

Please understand that as a plaintiff, **you have the burden of proof** to show by the preponderance of the evidence that the defendant you are suing is the proximate cause of your damage(s) in the legal capacity in which defendant is sued. All damages and evidence necessary to meet your burden should all be available at the time of filing and no later than the date of the trial.

DISCOVERY: ANY AND ALL PRE TRIAL/PRE JUDGMENT DISCOVERY MUST BE APPROVED BY THE COURT. PLEASE REFER TO SECTION 500.9 OF THE NEW RULES.

RULE 501.4 REQUIRES YOU, AS PLAINTIFF OR DEFENDANT, TO SERVE THE OTHER PARTY WITH ANYTHING FILED WITH THE COURT IN THE MANNER PRESCRIBED BY THIS RULE.

Motions for continuance must be made in writing at least 3 working days in advance of the trial setting with a copy forwarded to the opposing party as required by Rule 50 1.4. It must show good cause. Do not presume the motion for continuance will be granted merely because it is filed. The court will advise you of its ruling.

A **Subpoena** may be requested if you need a witness(s) in your case. Section 22.001, Texas Civil Practice & Remedies Code states a witness is entitled to **\$10 dollars** for each day the witness attends court. This fee includes the entitlement for travel and the witness is not entitled to any reimbursement for mileage traveled. The **party who summons** the witness shall pay that witness's fee for one day, as provided by this section, at the time the subpoena is served on the witness. The witness fee must be taxed in the bill of costs as other costs

Fee Schedule for Justice Court Suits: (MONEY ORDERS, CORRECT AMOUNT OF CASH OR CHECK WITH DL, PHONE AND ADDRESS WRITTEN ON CHECK ACCEPTED)

New Filing Fee 1/01/2022	Court Fees	Service Fees	Total
Filing fee-Defendant in Tom Green Co.	\$54.00	\$85.00	\$139.00
2 Defendants (same case)	\$54.00	\$170.00	\$224.00
Defendant out-of-County	\$54.00	(call for amount)	

For out-of-county service you must contact the Court/Constable/Sheriff of the county in which they reside for service fee amount and address that citation will be mailed to.

Jury Fee	\$22.00		
(Request for Jury must be made and fee paid no later than 14 days before the case is set for trial. If not timely made, the right to a jury trial is waived).			
Subpoena- witness fee	\$10.00		\$10.00

	Court Fees	Service Fees	Total
Abstract of Judgment	\$5.00		\$5.00
Writ of Execution	\$5.00	\$200.00	\$205.00
Writ of Sequestration	\$5.00	\$200.00	\$205.00
Writ of Garnishment	\$54.00 /\$5.00	\$200.00	\$259.00
Writ of Possession	\$5.00	\$200.00	\$205.00
Writ of Possession-Motor/mobile/manufactured housing that requires removal of motor/mobile home/ manufactured housing from premises (\$30.00 per hour per officer for each hour or part of an hour that exceeds the 2 hour limit on all Writs)	\$5.00	\$500.00	\$500.00
Writ of Execution	\$5.00	\$200.00	\$205.00
Subpoena (Issued more than 5 days from court date)	\$85.00		\$85.00
Subpoena (Issued less than 5 days from court date)	\$100.00		\$100.00
Turnover Order	\$5.00	\$200.00	\$205.00
Appeal	\$54.00		\$54.00
Motion for new trial	\$54.00		\$54.00
Transcript of Judgment	\$10.00		\$10.00

JUSTICE COURT CIVIL CASE INFORMATION SHEET (4/13)

CAUSE NUMBER (FOR CLERK USE ONLY): _____

STYLED _____

(e.g., John Smith v. All American Insurance Co; In re Mary Ann Jones; In the Matter of the Estate of George Jackson)

A civil case information sheet must be completed and submitted when an original petition is filed to initiate a new suit. The information should be the best available at the time of filing. This sheet, required by Rule of Civil Procedure 502, is intended to collect information that will be used for statistical purposes only. It neither replaces nor supplements the filings or service of pleading or other documents as required by law or rule. The sheet does not constitute a discovery request, response, or supplementation, and it is not admissible at trial.

<p>1. Contact information for person completing case information sheet:</p> <p>Name: _____ Telephone: _____</p> <p>Address: _____ Fax: _____</p> <p>City/State/Zip: _____ State Bar No: _____</p> <p>Email: _____</p> <p>Signature: _____</p>	<p>2. Names of parties in case:</p> <p>Plaintiff(s): _____</p> <p>_____</p> <p>Defendant(s): _____</p> <p>_____</p> <p>_____</p> <p>[Attach additional page as necessary to list all parties]</p>
<p>3. Indicate case type, or identify the most important issue in the case (select only 1):</p>	
<p><input type="checkbox"/> Debt Claim: A debt claim case is a lawsuit brought to recover a debt by an assignee of a claim, a debt collector or collection agency, a financial institution, or a person or entity primarily engaged in the business of lending money at interest. The claim can be for no more than \$20,000, excluding statutory interest and court costs but including attorney fees, if any.</p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> Eviction: An eviction case is a lawsuit brought to recover possession of real property, often by a landlord against a tenant. A claim for rent may be joined with an eviction case if the amount of rent due and unpaid is not more than \$20,000, excluding statutory interest and court costs but including attorney fees, if any.</p>
<p><input type="checkbox"/> Repair and Remedy: A repair and remedy case is a lawsuit filed by a residential tenant under Chapter 92, Subchapter B of the Texas Property Code to enforce the landlord's duty to repair or remedy a condition materially affecting the physical health or safety of an ordinary tenant. The relief sought can be for no more than \$20,000, excluding statutory interest and court costs but including attorney fees, if any.</p>	<p><input type="checkbox"/> Small Claims: A small claims case is a lawsuit brought for the recovery of money damages, civil penalties, personal property, or other relief allowed by law. The claim can be for no more than \$20,000, excluding statutory interest and court costs but including attorney fees, if any.</p>

CAUSE NO. _____

_____	§	IN THE JUSTICE COURT
PLAINTIFF	§	
	§	
v.	§	PRECINCT NO. 3
	§	
_____	§	
DEFENDANT	§	TOM GREEN COUNTY, TEXAS

PETITION: REPAIR AND REMEDY CASE

COMPLAINT: Plaintiff files this petition against the above-named Defendant pursuant to Rule 509 of the Texas Rules of Civil Procedure and Section 92.0563 of the Texas Property Code because there is a condition in Plaintiff's residential rental property that would materially affect the health or safety of an ordinary Plaintiff.

Information Regarding Residential Rental Property:

_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
Street Address	Unit No. (if any)	City	County	State	Zip Code

Defendant's Contact Information (to the extent known):

_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
Street Address	Unit No. (if any)	City	County	State	Zip Code	Phone No.

SERVICE OF CITATION: Plaintiff requests service of the citation on the Defendant, and if required, alternative service pursuant to Rule 509.4 of the Texas Rules of Civil Procedure. Plaintiff will check the box next to each statement that is true: Plaintiff received in writing Defendant's name and business street address. Plaintiff received in writing the name and business street address of Defendant's management company. The name of Defendant's management company is _____. To Plaintiff's knowledge, this is the management company's contact information:

_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
Street Address	Unit No. (if any)	City	County	State	Zip Code	Phone No.

The name of Defendant's on-premises manager is _____. To Plaintiff's knowledge, this is the on-premises manager's contact information:

_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
Street Address	Unit No. (if any)	City	County	State	Zip Code	Phone No.

The name of Defendant's rent collector serving the residential rental property is _____. To Plaintiff's knowledge, this is the rent collector's contact information:

_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
Street Address	Unit No. (if any)	City	County	State	Zip Code	Phone No.

PROPERTY CONDITION: The property condition materially affecting the physical health or safety of an ordinary Plaintiff that Plaintiff seeks to have repaired or remedied is:

LEASE AND NOTICE: Plaintiff will check the box next to each statement that is true:

The lease is oral. The lease is in writing. The lease requires the notice to repair and remedy a condition to be in writing. Plaintiff gave written notice to repair or remedy the condition on _____ . The written notice to repair or remedy the condition was sent by certified mail, return, receipt requested, or registered mail on _____ . Plaintiff gave oral notice to repair or remedy the condition on _____ . Name of person(s) to whom notice was given: _____ . Place where notice was given: _____ .

RENT: At the time Plaintiff gave notice to repair or remedy the condition, Plaintiff's rent was: current (no rent owed); not current but Plaintiff offered to pay the rent and Defendant did not accept it; or not current and Plaintiff did not offer to pay the rent owed.

Plaintiff's rent is due on the ___ day of the month week _____ (specify any other rent-payment period). Plaintiff's rent is \$ _____ per month week _____ (specify any other rent-payment period). Plaintiff's rent: is not subsidized by the government is subsidized by the government as follows, if known: \$ _____ paid by the government, and \$ _____ paid by Plaintiff.

RELIEF REQUESTED: Plaintiff requests the following relief (check all that apply): a court order to repair or remedy the condition; a court order reducing Plaintiff's rent in the amount of \$ _____ to begin on _____; actual damages in the amount of \$ _____; a civil penalty of one month's rent plus \$500; attorney's fees; and court costs. Plaintiff states that the total relief requested does not exceed \$10,000, excluding interest and court costs but including attorney's fees.

I hereby request a jury trial. The fee is \$22 and must be paid at least 14 days before trial.

I hereby consent for the answer and any other motions or pleadings to be sent to my email address as follows: _____

Plaintiff's Printed Name

Signature of Plaintiff
or Plaintiff's Attorney

Address of Plaintiff
or Plaintiff's Attorney

City State Zip

Phone & Fax No. of Plaintiff
Or Plaintiff's Attorney

In addition to the above information, the Service members' Civil Relief Act has become law. The legislation, passed by Congress and signed by the President, took effect immediately when it was signed on December 19, 2003.

When filing any Civil Suits this form MUST be filled out with proof of military status report and accompany the complaint upon filing. Military status can be determined at <https://scra.dmdc.osd.mil> The fees remain the same.

MILITARY STATUS AFFIDAVIT SEC. 201 (b)

CASE NO: _____

In the Justice Court of

Tom Green County, Texas

Plaintiff

VS.

Precinct 3

Defendant

Before me, the undersigned authority, on this day personally appeared _____.

Who, under penalty or perjury, states that the following facts are true:

is not in the military

not on active duty in the military and/or

not in a foreign country on military service

is on active military duty and/or is subject to the Service members Civil Relief Act of 2003

military status unknown at this time

I know this because: _____

Subscribed and sworn to before me on this the ____ day of _____, _____.

Notary Public in and for the State of Texas/ Clerk Pct. 3

Seal: